





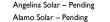


Solar Technology in Ohio

On-Site Projects - +5000 projects for home, farm and business use.

Utility Scale Projects Under PUCO/OPSB Jurisdiction:

- Upper Sandusky Solar Farm Operational
- Hardin Solar Energy I Permitted
- Vinton Solar Energy Permitted
- Hillcrest Solar Energy Permitted
- Hardin Solar Energy II Permitted
- Willowbrook Solar Permitted
- Nestlewood Solar Permitted
- Hecate Solar Permitted





Farm Bureau Policy

Energy Development - OFBF supports energy development efforts that involve the project developer, utilities, regulatory agencies, government at the local, state and federal levels, economic development authorities and community groups.

These efforts should focus on creation of projects that address environmental concerns, consider aesthetic needs and provide economic benefits to landowners and the community.





Farm Bureau Policy

Energy Development - OFBF recognizes the rights of landowners to enter into effective partnerships and agreements with developers to responsibly use land and resources to develop energy projects.

We expect these partners to fully disclose all parts of the development process, including installation and operation of facilities as well as repair and remediation guidelines to put adjoining agricultural ground back into production.



Farm Bureau Policy

Wind & Solar - OFBF supports Ohio Power Siting Board rules, regulations, stipulations, orders and amendments that provide landowner friendly, reasonable and uniform statewide procedures for siting, placement, construction and operation of utility-scale wind and solar farms.

Everyone needs to be heard; and everyone needs to recognize their civic responsibility to be engaged in this process.





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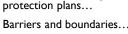
General Site Characteristics

Operational Area (Footprint) - 60 to 1000 open acres on working ground...

Close proximity to electric transmission infrastructure...

Setbacks from public roads, buildings, tall structures...

Vegetation management aesthetic and drainage





Issues to Consider

Environmental - Impact on wildlife, soil and water quality, drainage, noise, electromagnetic interference...

Economic - Need for facility on national, regional, state and local levels...

Aesthetics - Historic or natural features, viewscape...

















Regulatory Process

Board Decision – Must find and determine project on seven statutory criteria.

- Facility will serve in the public interest, convenience and necessity.
- Impact on viability of agricultural land.
- Facility incorporates maximum water conservation practices.

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Regulatory Process

Application to Become a Party of Record - Ohio Administrative Code 4906-2-12(B)

- Eligible Parties File a formal Motion to Intervene in case proceedings.
- The board or the administrative law judge shall grant petitions for leave to intervene only upon a showing of good cause, and may consider....



Regulatory Process

Application to Become a Party of Record - Ohio Administrative Code 4906-2-12(B)

- The nature and extent of the person's interests, and the extent to which the person's interest is represented by existing parties.
- The person's potential contribution to the resolution of issues involved in the proceeding.
- Whether granting the requested intervention would unduly delay the proceeding or unjustly prejudice an existing party.



Ohio Power Siring Board - Hearing Process

- Judicial Hearing in Columbus Not the same format as a local public hearing.
- Judicial Scrutiny Applies Follow Rules of Evidence, presentation of formal testimony and witnesses, all activities open to examination, memorandum contras and cross examination.
- All Parties of First Record have right to participate in the process.



Regulatory Process

Motion for Rehearing – Formal Appeal Process, Ohio Revised Code Section 4903.10

- Eligible Parties Parties of First Record. Any party who has entered an appearance in person or by counsel in the proceeding.
- Leave to file an application for rehearing shall not be granted to others unless the Commission finds the failure was due to just cause, or their interests were not adequately considered in the proceeding.



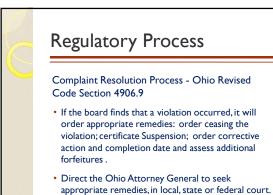
Regulatory Process

Complaint Resolution Process - Ohio Revised Code Section 4906.9

- The board shall require an evidentiary hearing on the alleged violation. The hearing may include evidence on corrective action, forfeitures, and other remedies.
- The complaining party shall have the burden to prove the occurrence of the violation by a preponderance of the evidence.







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